Christopher J. Hamner, Esq. (SBN 197117) 1 HAMNER LAW OFFICES, APC 2 555 W. 5th Street, 31st Floor Los Angeles, California 90013 3 Telephone: (213) 533-4160 Facsimile: (213) 533-4167 4 chamner@hamnerlaw.com 5 6 THE NUNES LAW GROUP 1 Sansome Street, Suite 3500 7 San Francisco, California 94104 8 Telephone: (415) 946-8894 Facsimile: (415) 946-8801 9 glenn@nuneslawgroup.com 10 J. Jason Hill, Esq. (SBN 179630) 11 **COHELAN KHOURY & SINGER** 12 605 C Street, Suite 200 San Diego, California 92101 13 Telephone: (619) 595-3001 Facsimile: (619) 595-3000 14 msinger@ckslaw.com 15 jhill@ckslaw.com 16 17 18 19 20 situated, 21 22 **Plaintiffs** 23 VS. 24

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David H. Yamasaki

Chief Executive Officer/Clerk Superior Court of CA, County of Santa Clara Case #1-12-CV-223023 Filing #G-56388 By R. Walker, Deputy

Glenn C. Nunes, Esq. (SBN 210453)

Michael D. Singer, Esq. (SBN 115301)

Attorneys for Plaintiff CHAD SMITH, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA

MICHELLE FINTON, a California resident, and CHAD SMITH, a California resident, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly

INTUIT, INC., a Delaware corporation and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,

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Defendants.

Case No. 112-CV-223023 Hon. James Kleinberg – Dept. 1

SECOND AMENDED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR

- 1. Failure to Pay Overtime Wages
- 2. Labor Code § 203 Penalties
- 3. Failure to Provide Itemized Statements
- 4. Unfair Business Practices (B&P § 17200)

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Action filed: April 24, 2012

Case No. 112-CV-223023

Plaintiff, CHAD SMITH (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), is informed and believes and thereupon alleges, on behalf of himself and classes of those similarly situated, as follows:

I.

INTRODUCTION

1. This is an action by and on behalf of current and former employees of INTUIT, INC., a Delaware Corporation (hereinafter "Intuit" or "Defendant(s)"). The CLASS is defined as:

All of Intuit's California-based employees who (1) were classified as "exempt" at any time from April 24, 2008 to the present; (2) whose job titles included "Systems Engineer," Quality Assurance Engineer," "Quality Assurance Analyst," "Quality Assurance Systems Engineer," "Quality Assurance Software Engineer," or "Information Technology (IT) Manager;" and (3) who, during any year of the proposed class period, did not satisfy the DLSE salary requirements under Labor Code 515.5 and related orders.

Plaintiff, and the class he seeks to represent, were misclassified and are owed overtime and other remedies under California law (hereinafter, "the CLASS" or "CLASS MEMBERS") (see class definition below, paragraph 17). CLASS MEMBERS did not exercise discretion and independent judgment in the performance of their primary duties, and in performing such duties these CLASS MEMBERS should have been classified as non-exempt pursuant to Wage Order 4 and, therefore, paid overtime. Plaintiff and the CLASS he seeks to represent were given titles that were inconsistent and unrealistic with the "job requirements and expectations" as defined by Defendants. As such, Defendants did not satisfy the legally required minimum to unilaterally designate this CLASS of employees as exempt from overtime.

2. These job titles were, are, and continue to be a misnomer, because the majority of the work performed by this class of employees is not, and was not, exempt in nature.

Furthermore, the titles do not reflect the true nature of the duties performed by these employees.

In fact, the CLASS was engaged in duties that did not involve design, development, documentation, analysis, creation, testing, or modification design, which were creative or

intellectual in nature. The primary duties of the CLASS consisted of routine, rote, and repetitive non-exempt testing procedures requiring supervision, micro-management. While these employees rely(ied) on their education, training, skill and experience to do their jobs, they are subject to considerable constraint and supervision, must obtain approval to complete basic job tasks, and regularly deploy rigid and institutional fixes rather than engage in original/creative thought in the production of Defendants' software and related products. The culmination of each of these factors demonstrates that none of the employees in the class definition fall into any of the recognized exemptions. They are trouble-shooting, testing, maintenance, and production driven workers who have wrongfully been deprived of premium compensation for hours worked in excess of eight (8) per day or forty (40) per week throughout the relevant class period.

- 3. Intuit characterizes its IT, QA, testing and engineering job family into a multitude of different job classifications which perform essentially the same duties or overlap significantly in their exempt duties. IT, QA, testing and engineering support positions, and related titles and positions, functions and daily tasks focus on routine and repetitive tasks that primarily include standardized configuration, routine troubleshooting, automated debugging, and systematic testing of software within Intuit's pre-defined parameters. Furthermore, there is a consistent lack of commensurate hourly pay based on Labor Code section 515.5 to meet the threshold exemption requirement, and a litany of job duties and functions that are significantly devoid of the exercise of discretion and/or independent judgment. Intuit employs a system of categorization and titles purely for promotion and pay grade purposes. The categorization, titles, and level of pay grade designated to employees do not correspond to primary duties and overlap overwhelmingly such that titles are not dispositive of the exempt or non-exempt status.
- 4. These employees thus are and were entitled to overtime and other protections as non-exempt employees. It is *Defendants' burden* of pleading, evidence and proof to show that these employees are and were exempt under California wage and hour law. These employees have spent an insignificant amount of work time doing anything that constitutes "exempt," and for that reason and others, they are and always have been entitled to overtime pay and non-exempt treatment under California wage and hour law.

5. Plaintiff's duties and those of the CLASS he seeks to represent were routine in nature and relied on the use of templates and other automated processes. Although, the job titles suggest the performance of high level job duties for the positions described herein, the actual job duties are limited to performing routing production work, not requiring special expertise, and involving little or no exercise of discretion. During the class period and before, Intuit has paid overtime to contract employees who are and were engaged in the same duties and employed in the same positions as putative CLASS MEMBERS.

6. Plaintiff's individual damages are less than \$75,000.00

II.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

Plaintiff

- 7. Plaintiff Chad Smith is a resident of the State of California and is a former employee of Defendants who was non-exempt and who was misclassified by Defendants as exempt from the overtime requirements of the applicable wage and hour laws of the State of California. The majority of Plaintiff's work performed was non-exempt work that did not require discretion or independent judgment.
- 8. Plaintiff Chad Smith was employed by Defendants in California from August 2005 until December 9, 2010 and was classified as exempt. His job titles with Defendants since April 24, 2008, included: "Sr. Systems Engineer," "Staff Systems Engineer," "WCG UNIX Systems Engineer," and "IIT Manager II."
- 9. Plaintiff performed substantial quality assurance testing work. The numerous job titles held by Plaintiff during the class period are a function of the fact that Defendants utilized numerous job titles for the same functional activities. The job titles in the class definition were held by employees who performed substantial amount of rote, quality assurance testing. The numerous job titles held by Plaintiff during the class period are a function of the fact that Defendants utilized numerous job titles for the same functional activities.

Defendants

10. The Superior Court of the State of California for SANTA CLARA COUNTY has

jurisdiction over Intuit. Although organized as a Delaware corporation, its headquarters and primary place of business is in Mountain View, California, in the County of Santa Clara. The nerve center of Defendants, where strategic decisions and major operations occur, is in Mountain View, California. The primary officers and directors of Defendants reside in and primarily work in California. In addition, virtually all important operations and strategies are directed from California, and all members of the CLASS worked in California. Intuit, and DOES 1-100 are collectively referred to herein as "Defendants".

- 11. Venue as to each Defendant is proper in this judicial district, pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 395.
- 12. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise, of Defendants sued herein as DOES 1 to 100, inclusive, are currently unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues Defendants by such fictitious names under California Code of Civil Procedure § 474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that each of the Defendants designated herein as a DOE is legally responsible in some manner for the unlawful acts referred to herein. Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of the Defendants designated hereinafter as DOES when such identities become known.
- 13. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that each Defendant acted in all respects pertinent to this action as the agent of the other Defendants, carried out a joint scheme, business plan or policy in all respects pertinent hereto, and the acts of each defendant are legally attributable to the other Defendants. Furthermore, Defendants in all respects acted as the employer and/or joint employer of Plaintiff and the CLASS. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all times relevant to this action the named Defendant and Defendant DOES 1 through 100 were affiliated and were an integrated enterprise.
- 14. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times each Defendant, directly or indirectly, or through agents or other persons, employed Plaintiff and the other CLASS MEMBERS, and exercised control over the wages, hours, and working conditions of Plaintiff and the other CLASS MEMBERS. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and

thereon alleges that, at all relevant times, each Defendant was the principal, agent, partner, joint venturer, officer, director, controlling shareholder, subsidiary, affiliate, parent corporation, successor in interest and/or predecessor in interest of some or all of the other Defendants, and was engaged with some or all of the other Defendants in a joint enterprise for profit, and bore such other relationships to some or all of the other Defendants so as to be liable for their conduct with respect to the matters alleged below. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each Defendant acted pursuant to and within the scope of the relationships alleged above, that each Defendant knew or should have known about, authorized, ratified, adopted, approved, controlled, aided and abetted the conduct of all other Defendants; and that each Defendant acted pursuant to a conspiracy and agreement to do the things alleged herein.

III.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 15. Plaintiff is a former employee of Defendants whose primary duties were nonexempt and who was misclassified by Defendants as exempt from the overtime provisions of the applicable state wage and hour laws of California, as described in this complaint.
- 16. Plaintiff brings this cause of action on behalf of himself and on behalf of the CLASS of all persons similarly situated, as more fully explained below and above. This action is brought and may properly be maintained as a class action pursuant to the provisions of California Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and other applicable law pertaining to class actions.
- 17. The proposed Class Plaintiff seeks to represent, sometimes referred to herein as "the CLASS" or "CLASS MEMBERS," is presently defined as follows:

All of Intuit's California-based employees who (1) were classified as "exempt" at any time from April 24, 2008 to the present; (2) whose job titles included "Systems Engineer," Quality Assurance Engineer," "Quality Assurance Analyst," "Quality Assurance Systems Engineer," "Quality Assurance Software Engineer," or "Information Technology (IT) Manager;" and (3) who, during any year of the proposed class period, did not satisfy the DLSE salary requirements under Labor Code 515.5 and related orders.

An ascertainable class and well-defined community of interest exist among the CLASS MEMBERS.

A. Ascertainable Class

The CLASS is ascertainable based on Intuit's records regarding its employees in California since April 24, 2008. All CLASS MEMBERS worked from Intuit in California since April 24, 2008, in jobs that were classified by Intuit as exempt. CLASS MEMBERS who performed quality assurance or automated testing may be identified with reference to Intuit's job descriptions and performance evaluations.

B. Well-Defined Community of Interest

All CLASS MEMBERS worked for Intuit in California, were classified as "exempt" and were denied overtime compensation, despite regularly and generally working more than 8 hours per day and 40 hours per week. CLASS MEMBERS' primary duties consisted of routine, rote, and repetitive non-exempt testing procedures requiring supervision, micro-management. They were required to obtain approval to complete basic job tasks and regularly deployed rigid and institutional fixes, rather than engaging in creative thought.

The job titles applied to CLASS MEMBERS were misnomers. The job titles used as Defendants to describe CLASS MEMBERS were ambiguous and subject to capricious changes.

Defendants characterizes its IT and QA job family into a multitude of different job classifications. The classifications substantially overlap and focus on standardized configuration, routine troubleshooting, automated debugging, and systemic testing of software within Intuit's pre-defined parameters. CLASS MEMBERS did not primarily perform work requiring the exercise discretion and independent judgment.

Common questions of law and fact applied to all CLASS MEMBERS, and predominate over any questions that affect only individual members. Other common questions of law and fact include, but are not limited to:

(A) What were and are the policies, programs, practices, procedures and protocols of Defendants regarding CLASS MEMBERS' actual work and tasks, and their job duties irrespective of job titles;

- (B) Whether Defendants are and were subject to overtime requirements contained in the California IWC Wage Orders and other California law with respect to the CLASS MEMBERS pursuant to Labor Code Section 510, and Wage Order, No. 4, for the period commencing four years prior to the date of the filing of this complaint and continuing through the date of judgment;
- (C) Whether Defendants' policy and practice of classifying CLASS MEMBERS as exempt from overtime entitlement under California law and Defendants' policy and practice of failing to pay overtime to the California CLASS MEMBERS violate applicable provisions of California law, including applicable statutory and regulatory authority;
- (D) Whether employees qualified for an Administrative Exemption from California's overtime compensation law.
- (E) Whether employees qualified for a Computer Professional Exemption from California's overtime compensation law.
- (F) Whether Defendants unlawfully failed to pay overtime compensation in violation of the California Unfair Competition Law, Cal. Bus. t& Prof. Code §17200 et seq., and the California Labor Code and related regulations, Cal. Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203, 226, 510, 515.5, 1174, 1174.5, and 1194, the applicable Cal. Wage Orders;
- (G) What were and are the policies, programs, practices, procedures and protocols of Defendants regarding furnishing to the CLASS MEMBERS, upon each payment of wages, itemized statements required by Labor Code section 226;
- (H) Whether Defendants violated California law by their policies, programs, practices, procedures and protocols regarding furnishing to the CLASS MEMBERS, upon each payment of wages, itemized statements required by Labor Code section 226;
- (I) Whether Defendants violated Business & Professions Code sections 17200 et seq. by their policies, programs, practices, procedures and conduct referred to in this cause of action;
- (J) The proper *measure of* damages sustained and the proper measure of restitution recoverable by members of the California Class; and,
- (K) Additional common questions of law and fact may develop as the litigation progresses.
- 18. Plaintiff and CLASS MEMBERS sustained losses, injuries and damages arising out of the Defendants' common policies, programs, practices, procedures, and course of conduct

referred to in each cause of action and throughout this Complaint, which were applied uniformly to CLASS MEMBERS. Plaintiff seeks recoveries for the same types of losses, injuries, and damages as were suffered by CLASS MEMBERS.

- 19. Plaintiff and his counsel will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the CLASS. Plaintiff has no interest that is adverse to the interests of the other CLASS MEMBERS.
 - 20. A class action is the best mechanism for adjudicating Plaintiff's claims.
- A. Superiority: A class action is superior to other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Individual joinder of all CLASS MEMBERS is impractical. Class action treatment will permit a large number of similarly situated persons to prosecute their common claims in a single forum simultaneously, efficiently, and without the unnecessary duplication of effort and expense that numerous individual actions engender. Also, because the losses, injuries and damages suffered by each of the individual CLASS MEMBERS are small in the sense pertinent to class action analysis, the expenses and burden of individual litigation would make it extremely difficult or impossible for the individual CLASS MEMBERS to redress the wrongs done to them. Important public interests will be served by addressing the matter as a class action. The cost to the court system and the public of adjudication of individual litigation and claims would be substantial, and substantially more than if the claims are treated as class action. Individual litigation and claims would also present the potential for inconsistent or contradictory results.
- **B.** <u>Numerosity</u>: The CLASS is so numerous that individual joinder of all members is impractical under the circumstances of this case. Plaintiff is informed and believes there are at least several hundred CLASS MEMBERS.

IV. CAUSES OF ACTION

First Cause of Action

Failure to Pay Wages at Overtime Rate (Lab. Code §§ 510, 515.5, 1194 and 1199, IWC Wage Orders, and Related Violations)

21. Plaintiff incorporates all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

- 22. Throughout the period applicable to this cause of action, Plaintiff and the proposed CLASS MEMBERS regularly and generally worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week and/or in excess of excess of eight (8) hours per day with the knowledge of Defendants, and spent more than 50% of the time in non-exempt primary duties lacking the requisite discretion and independent judgment in matters of significance.
- 23. Throughout the period applicable to this cause of action, Defendants did not pay Plaintiff or CLASS MEMBERS at the required overtime rates for the work described in the preceding paragraphs, despite their knowledge that Plaintiff and CLASS MEMBERS were working overtime.
- 24. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194, Plaintiff and the CLASS MEMBERS are entitled to recover unpaid overtime compensation, and other unpaid wages, plus interest, plus attorneys' fees and costs.
- 25. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, as set forth herein, Plaintiff and the CLASS MEMBERS have sustained damages, including loss of earnings for hours of overtime worked on behalf of Defendants in an amount to be established at trial, prejudgment interest, and costs and attorneys' fees, pursuant to statute and other applicable law.
- 26. WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and the CLASS MEMBERS he seeks to represent request relief as described herein and below.

Second Cause of Action

Failure to Pay All Wages Upon Termination of Employment (Lab. Code §§ 201, 202, 203)

- 27. Plaintiff incorporates all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 28. Plaintiff and many of the other CLASS MEMBERS quit or were discharged from their employment within the statute of limitations period applicable to this cause of action. As of the filing of the Complaint, Defendants failed to timely pay wages due, and Plaintiff and CLASS MEMBERS are owed penalties pursuant to Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203.
- 29. Defendants failed to pay said employees, without abatement, all wages (as defined by applicable California law) within the time required by applicable California law.

 Among other things, these employees were never paid any of the overtime compensation referred to in this Complaint, nor were they paid the other unpaid wages referred to in this Complaint.

Defendants' failure to pay said wages within the required time was willful within the meaning of Labor Code section 203.

- 30. Therefore, each of these employees is entitled to one day's wages for each day he or she was not timely paid all said wages due, up to a maximum of thirty days' wages for each employee. Because none of said employees were ever paid the overtime wages to which they were entitled, and were never paid other unpaid wages referred to in this Complaint, each of said employees is entitled to thirty days' wages.
- 31. WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and the CLASS he seeks to represent request relief as described herein and below.

Third Cause of Action

Failure to Furnish Itemized Statements (Lab. Code §§ 226(b), 1174, 1175)

- 32. Plaintiff incorporates all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 33. Throughout the period applicable to this cause of action, Defendants intentionally failed to furnish to Plaintiff and the CLASS MEMBERS, upon each payment of wages, itemized statements accurately showing, among other matters: total hours worked, the applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period, and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate.
- 34. Plaintiff and the CLASS MEMBERS were damaged by these failures because, among other things, the failures led them to believe that they were not entitled to be paid overtime, even though they were so entitled, and because the failures hindered them from determining the amounts of overtime wages owed to them.
- 35. Plaintiff and the CLASS MEMBERS are entitled to the amounts provided for in Labor Code section 226(e), plus costs and attorneys' fees.
- 36. WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and the CLASS he seeks to represent request relief as described herein and below.

Fourth Cause of Action

Violation of Unfair Competition Law (Bus. and Prof. Code § 17200 et seq.)

- 37. Plaintiff incorporates all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 38. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of each and all members of the general public, including the CLASS MEMBERS and Plaintiff himself, pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq*. Defendants' conduct alleged above constitutes unlawful business acts and practices in violation of Business & Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq*. Defendants engaged in unfair competition in violation of the UCL by violating, inter alia, each of the following laws: each of these violations constitutes an independent and separate violation of the UCL:
 - a. California applicable Wage Orders
 - b. California Labor Code § 1194;
 - c. California Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203, 204, and 226;
 - d. California Labor Code § 1174; and
 - e. California Labor Code § 510, which provides in relevant part:

(A)Any work in excess of eight hours in one workday and any work in excess of 40 hours in anyone workweek and the first eight hours worked on the seventh day of work in any one workweek shall be compensated at the rate of no less than one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for an employee, Any work in excess of 12 hours in one day shall be compensated at the rate of no less than twice the regular rate of pay for an employee, In addition, any work in excess of eight hours on any seventh day of a workweek shall be compensated at the rate of no less than twice the regular rate of pay of an employee.

39. Defendants' course of conduct, acts, and practices in violation of the California laws mentioned in the above paragraph constitute a separate and independent violation of the UCL. Defendants' conduct described herein violates the policy or spirit of such laws or otherwise significantly threatens or harms competition. The harm to Plaintiff and the Class in

being wrongfully denied lawfully earned wages outweighs the utility, if any, of Defendants' policies or practices and, therefore, Defendants' actions described herein constitute an unfair business practice or act within the meaning of the UCL.

- 40. The unlawful and unfair business practices and acts of Defendants, described above, have injured the CLASS MEMBERS in that they were wrongfully denied the payment of earned overtime wages.
- 41. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the CLASS, seeks restitution in the amount of the respective unpaid wages earned and due at a rate not less than one and one-halftimes the regular rate of pay for work performed in excess of forty hours in a work week, or eight hours in a day, and double the regular rate of pay for work performed in excess of twelve hours per day and such other legal and equitable relief from Defendants' unlawful and willful conduct as the Court deems just and proper.
- 42. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*, for the statute of limitations period covered by this cause of action, Plaintiff and the CLASS MEMBERS are entitled to restitution for at least the following: the unpaid overtime earnings and other unpaid earnings withheld and retained by Defendants referred to above.
- 43. Plaintiff and the CLASS MEMBERS and the general public are also entitled to permanent injunctive and declaratory relief prohibiting Defendants from engaging in the violations and other misconduct referred to above.
- 44. Defendants are also liable to pay attorneys' fees pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5 and other applicable law, and costs. The Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and CLASS MEMBERS, also seeks recovery of attorneys' fees and costs of this action to be paid by Defendants, as provided by the UCL and California Labor Code § 1194.
- 45. WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and the CLASS he seeks to represent request relief as described herein and below.

V.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and all members of the CLASS, prays for

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relief as follows:

- 1. That the Court determine that this action may be maintained as a class action;
- 2. That Plaintiff be appointed the representative of the CLASS;
- 3. That the attorneys of record for Plaintiff whose name appears in this Complaint be appointed class counsel;
- 4. For unpaid wages at overtime rates for all overtime work and unpaid wages for all work for which Plaintiff was not paid;
 - 5. For such general and special damages as may be appropriate;
- 6. For waiting time penalties and civil penalties for all CLASS MEMBERS no longer in Defendants' employ at the time of judgment;
 - 7. For pre-judgment interest;
 - 8. For the amounts provided for in Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203, 226(b), 226.7;
- 9. For restitution as described in the cause of action under Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. above;
- 10. For permanent injunctive and declaratory relief described in the cause of action under Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. above;
- 11. A declaratory judgment that the practices complained of herein are unlawful under California state law;
- 12. Attorneys' fees and costs of suit, including expert fees pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code § 226(e), Cal. Code Civ. Proc. §1021.5, and Cal. Lab. Code § 1194;
 - 13. Such other injunctive and equitable relief as the Court may deem proper.

DATED: August 16, 2013

HAMNER LAW OFFICES, APC THE NUNES LAW GROUP COHELAN KHOURY & SINGER

By:

ason Hill

Co-Counsel for Plaintiff, CHAD SMITH, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situate

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff demands jury trial for all claims so triable.

DATED: August 16, 2013

HAMNER LAW OFFICES, APC THE NUNES LAW GROUP COHELAN KHOURY & SINGER

By:_

, Jason Hill

Co-Counsel for Plaintiff, CHAD SMITH, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situate

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PROOF OF SERVICE

Finton, et al. v. Intuit, Inc. S.C.S.C. Case No. 1-12-CV-223023

I. Matthew Atlas, declare as follows:

I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within action. I am employed in the County of San Diego, California, where the mailing occurs; and my business address is 605 "C" Street, Suite 200, San Diego, California 92101-5305.

I further declare that I am readily familiar with the business' practice for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with United States Postal Service; and that the correspondence shall be deposited with United States Postal Service this same day in the ordinary course of business.

On August 16, 2013, I caused to be served a copy of the foregoing document(s):

SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

by placing a true copy of each document in a separate envelope addressed as follows:

14	· -	
	Counsel for Defendants	Co-counsel for Plaintiffs
15	Lynne C. Hermle, Esq.	Christopher J. Hamner, Esq.
	Shannon B. Seekao, Esq.	HAMNER LAW OFFICES, LP
16	ORRICK, HERRINGTÔN &	555 W. Fifth Street, 31st Floor
	SUTCLIFFE LLP	Los Angeles, CA 90013
17	1000 Marsh Road	Telephone: (213) 533-4160
	Menlo Park, CA 94025	Facsimile: (213) 533-4167
18	Telephone: 650-614-7400	, ,
	Facsimile: 650-614-7401	Glenn C. Nunes, Esq.
19		THE NUNES LAW GROUP
		1 Sansome Street, Suite 3500
20		San Francisco, CA 94104

I then caused service of each document in the manner described below:

BY MAIL: I placed each for deposit in the United States Postal Service this same day. [XX] at my business address shown above, following ordinary business practices.

STATE: I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the [XX] foregoing is true and correct.

Executed August 16, 2013, at San Diego, California.

Matthew Atlas

Telephone: (415) 946-8894

Facsimile: (415) 946-8801

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